

Faith that Brings Salvation

Luke 5:1-11

Faith is one of the most important characteristic stances or viewpoints for anyone who desires a _____ with God to have. Let's consider faith that is necessary to receive God's _____ through Jesus Christ by considering Luke 5:1-11.

Faith, for Simon Peter and the others was believing by being willing to correctly _____ the _____. This kind of faith is a part of every aspect of our lives. And for these disciples, when Jesus did what He did with the fish, they had to evaluate the evidence. The evidence pointed in this direction: "Jesus is someone _____, someone who _____ the _____ of God."

Saving faith isn't believing in Jesus because you _____ it to be true. Rather, faith is realizing that, though like most truths, you may not be able to _____ it, but the evidence of the early Christians' _____, the persistence of the gospel story, the amazing history of the church, the historical _____ of the Bible, and the _____ lives of so many believers, points in one direction: Jesus is God's _____ and the _____ of the world.

Biblical faith is both accurate evaluation of the evidence and _____ in the object of our faith. Notice that following Jesus involved _____ something behind. They left their nets, their vocation. Coming to Christ in faith always involves some _____, "leaving behind," some "divesting." The Bible calls it _____. Whatever is inconsistent with the _____ of our Lord needs to be abandoned when we choose to follow Him.

But faith also involves starting something new—a new _____. Saving faith calls us to make Jesus' main purpose _____.

Saving faith has an element of intellectual _____ to it. We believe Jesus is the Son and Messiah of God who made atonement for sin by His death on the cross. But faith also involves _____—_____ everything inconsistent with a new life in Christ and _____ the purpose of Christ as your own.